

Investigating the Performance of selected Data Storage Concepts for AutomationML Models

Kristof Meixner, Dietmar Winkler, Michael Wapp,
Ronald Rosendahl, Stefan Biffi

Context

- Cyber-Physical Production Systems Engineering.
- Heterogeneous involved engineering disciplines and different engineering artifacts.
- Discipline-specific data formats.

Challenge

- Different artifact and data formats hinder efficient data exchange.

Well, there are some solution approaches ..



Solution Approaches

- Engineering platforms for data exchange.
- Standardized data exchange formats, e.g., AutomationML.
- Shared data repository for storing common engineering data.

However ..

Key Questions:

- Which data storage concept should be used?
- How to evaluate data storage concepts?

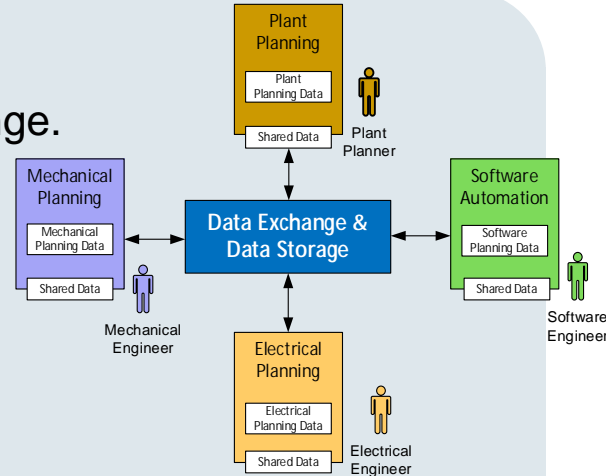
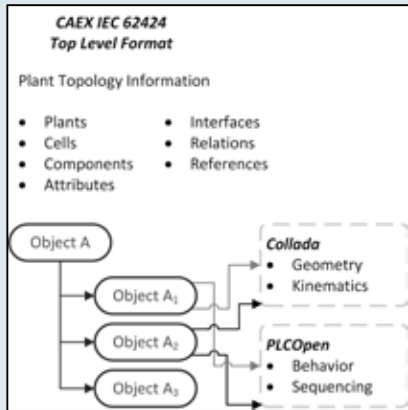


Fig. Round-Trip-Engineering Process.

Automation Markup Language (AML)

- Standardized engineering data exchange format.
- Based on XML and CAEX.
- Hierarchical structure.



www.automationml.org



Sample AML File

RQ1: How can we evaluate storage approaches in AML context?

- Systematic evaluation of storage approaches (flexible exchange of data storages).
- Focus on an evaluation architecture for benchmarking purposes.

RQ2: What are the critical requirements for storing AML data?

- Test scenario definition for standardized benchmarks.
- Focus on scenarios, requirements, and use cases.
- Evaluation of selected data storages in AML context.

Basic AutomationML Characteristics

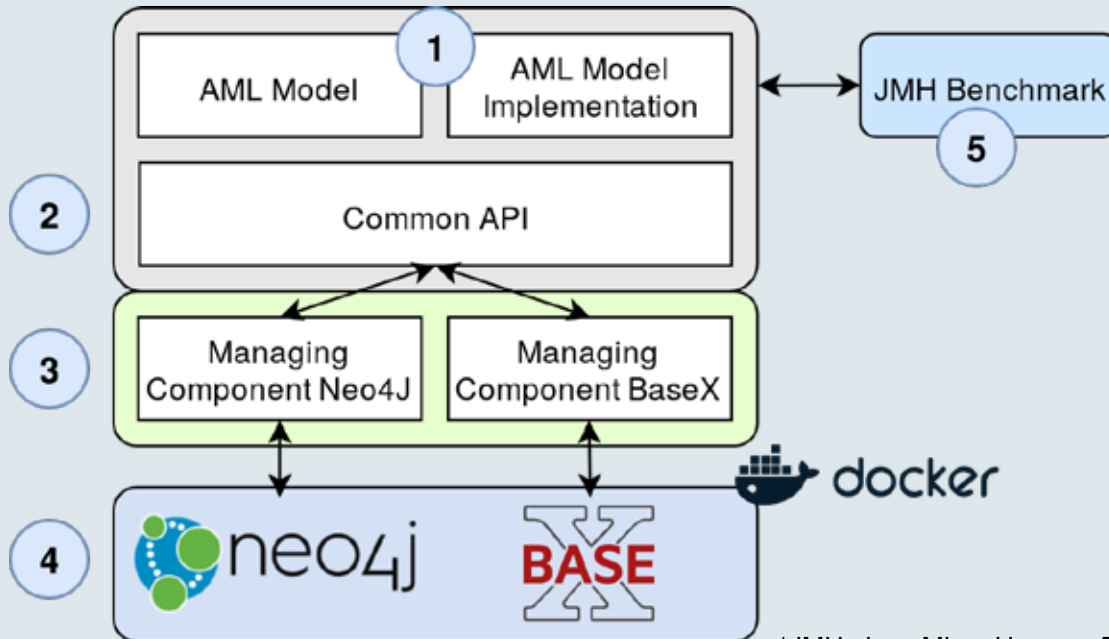
<AutomationML/>

- XML-based engineering data exchange format.
- Hierarchical structure of engineering data.
- Different semantic meanings of entities.
- Links and relationships between engineering data.

Database Selection

- BaseX – XML-based Database
- Neo4J – Graph-based Database





*JMH: Java Micro Harness Benchmark

Basic Key Use Cases

- CRUD Operations: **C**reate, **R**ead, **U**ppdate, **D**elete for each AML component
à 36 Use Cases.

No.	AML Component	Create	Read	Update	Delete
1	InstanceHierarchy	C1	R1	U1	D1
27	InterfaceClass	C2	R2	U2	D2
7	InterfaceClassLib	C3	R3	U3	D3
166	InternalElement	C4	R4	U4	D4
198	RoleClass	C5	R5	U5	D5
14	RoleClassLib	C6	R6	U6	D6
53	SystemUnitClass	C7	R7	U7	D7
3	SystemUnitClassLib	C8	R8	U8	D8
1	AMLFile	C9	R9	U9	D9

Reference AML File:

- ~21k Lines of Code (Academic AML data set)

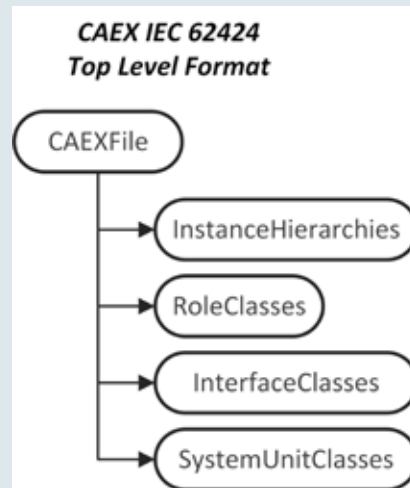


Fig: Basic AML Aspects



Note: Logarithmic scale because individual values differ to a large extent ($\log_{10}(10*x)$)

- **BaseX:** Performs good for create, update and delete.
- **Neo4J:** Performs good for read.

Operation	Neo4J	BaseX
Read	✓	
Create		✓
Update		✓
Delete		✓

	Create		Read		Update		Delete	
	Neo4J	BaseX	Neo4J	BaseX	Neo4J	BaseX	Neo4J	BaseX
InstanceHierarchy	11259	220	9	26	10812	116	7	< 1
InterfaceClass	286	110	10	16	266	100	8	< 1
InterfaceClassLib	557	222	11	16	410	99	9	< 1
InternalElement	11961	154	4	< 1	10427	118	6	< 1
RoleClass	239	110	64	17	645	104	5	< 1
RoleClassLib	419	219	13	17	842	105	7	< 1
SystemUnitClass	1267	164	12	21	2662	104	7	< 1
SystemUnitClassLib	20955	232	13	29	37458	162	7	< 1
AMLFile	73495	103	28	53	90980	158	7	< 1

Quantitative Data in [ms]; average value of 10 test runs.

Selected Limitations

- Focus on 2 representative databases.
- Representative but Academic AML Data.
- Focus on execution time.

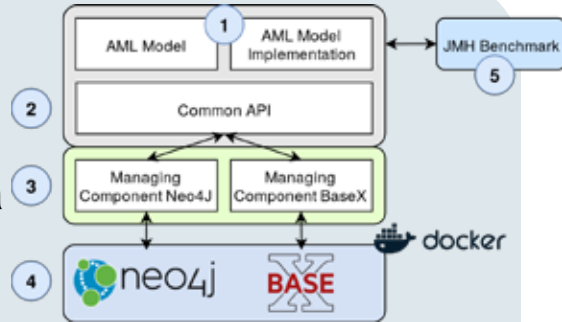
Operation	Neo4J	BaseX
Read	✓	
Create		✓
Update		✓
Delete		✓

Contributions of this paper:

- RQ1: Data Storage Evaluation Architecture.
- RQ2: Evaluation Use Cases / Test Data for Benchmarking Purposes.
- Evaluation of two representative data storage approaches.

Future Work:

- Address limitations.
- Include additional storage approaches.
- Extending test data set towards large-scale and/or industry data.



Operation	Neo4J	BaseX
Read	✓	
Create		✓
Update		✓
Delete		✓

Kristof Meixner¹, Dietmar Winkler¹, Michael Wapp¹, Ronald Rosendahl², Stefan Biffl³

¹ TU Wien, Institute of Information Systems Engineering, CDL SQI
Vienna, Austria
<first.last>@tuwien.ac.at

² Otto-v-Guericke University
Magdeburg, Germany
ronald.rosendahl@ovgu.de

³ TU Wien Inst. of Information Systems Engineering
Vienna, Austria
stefan.biffl@tuwien.ac.at